Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)



AS affects two to three times more men than women1



AS can be hereditary, often starting in the teens and 20s1



Restricted movement in the spine is a characteristic of AS1

Affected body parts¹ **Common symptoms**¹⁻² **NECK** -**FATIGUE** SPINE **PAIN STIFFNESS PELVIS** RESTRICTED **MOVEMENT**

Effect on quality of life³⁻⁴







Reduced ability



Anxiety



to work



Depression

Co-morbidities¹







Eye inflammation

INFLAMMATION







Intestinal inflammation



People with AS likely to shorten their working hours than people without the condition, limiting their job options⁴

- 1. Reveille JD, American College of Rheumatology, Spondyloarthritis, Available at

- http://www.rheumatology.org/i-Am-A/Patient-Caregiver/Diseases-Conditions/Spondyloarthritis. Accessed April 2017.

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 Martindale J, Smith J, Sutton CJ, Grennan D, Goodacre L, Goodacre JA. Disease and psychological status in ankylosing spondylitis. Rheumatology 2006; 45(10):1288-93. 4. Barkham N, Kong KO, Tennant A, Fraser A, Hensor E, Keenan AM, Emery P. The unmet need for anti-tumour necrosis factor (anti-TNF) therapy in ankylosing spondylitis. Rheumatology 2005; 44(10):1277-81.

